American Bus Association

Strengthening Cyber Resilience in a Post COVID-19 World

January 2021

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Cybersecurity Advisor Program

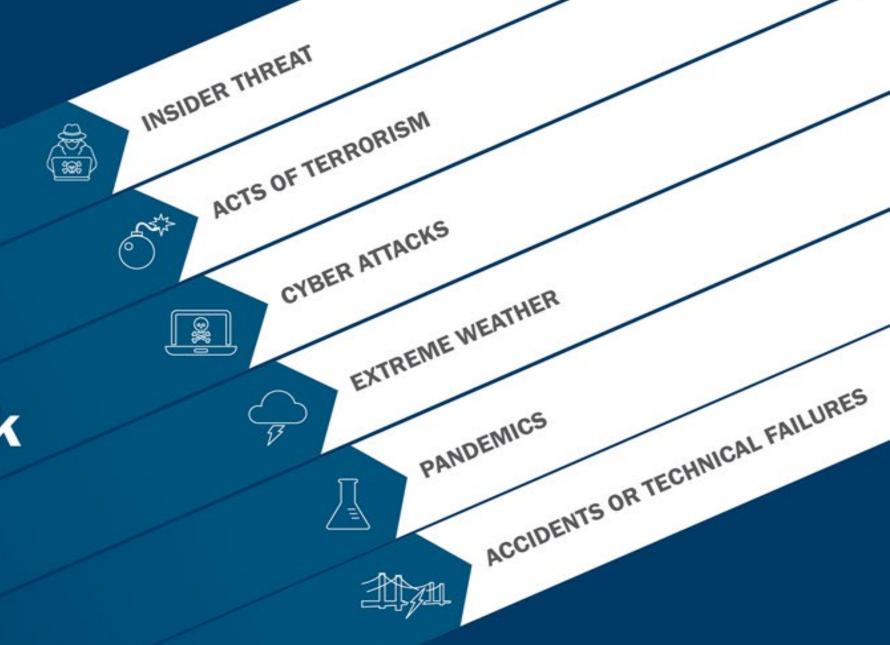
Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency



CYBERSECURITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AGENCY



Defend Today,
Secure Tomorrow



Today's Risk Landscape

America remains at risk from a variety of threats:

Cyber Threats Can Cause Operational Impacts

Ransomware

- WannaCry
- REvil/ Sodinokibi (targeting MSPs)
- Ryuk (targeting medical, education, <u>SLTT</u>)
- Robinhood, Maze, Fobos, CovidLock, CryptoLocker, ,Pysa, VoidCrypt...

Advanced Persistent Threats

APT29, APT41, APT39, APT38

• malware

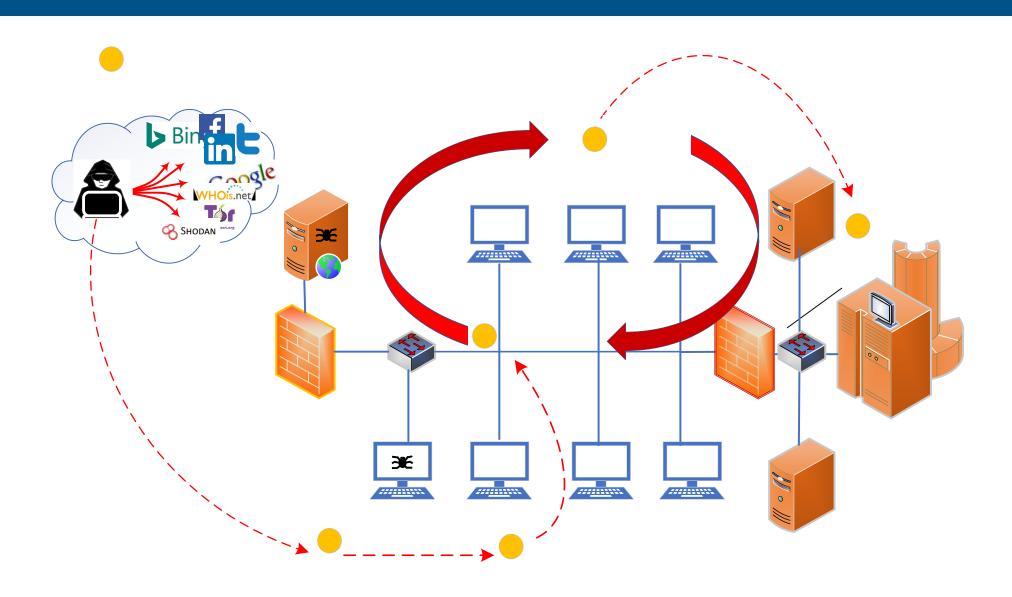
- Trickbot, Emotet, LokiBot
- [wiperware] NotPetya
- [ICS/OT specific] Triton/hatman malware targets Safety Instrumented Systems (SIS)

• Threats to Supplychain and External Dependencies

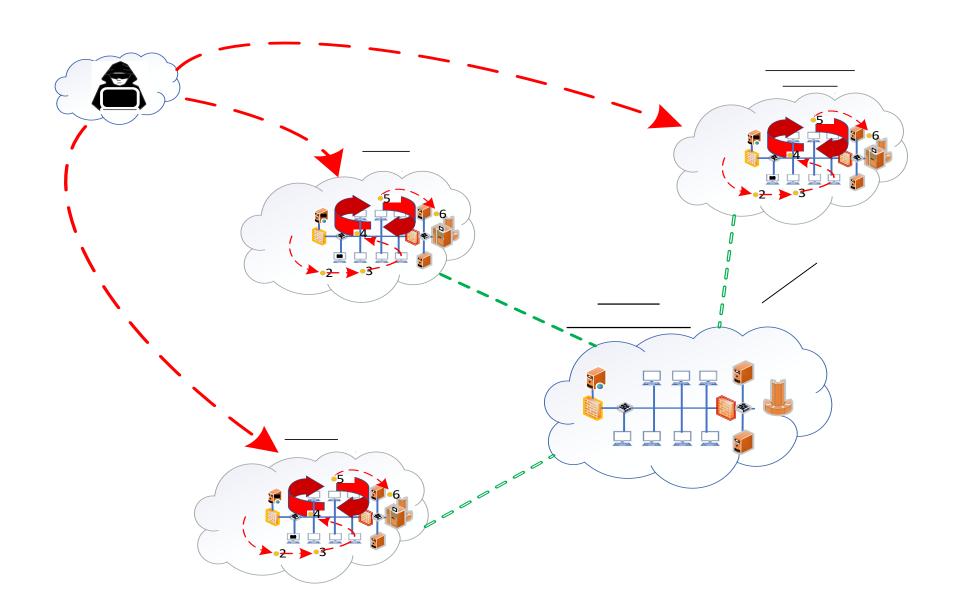
• Supplychain attack (e.g. Solar Winds compromise)



Methodology of a Cyber Attack



Even More Complex Methodology of a Cyber Attack



Protective Measures - 1

IT Security Professionals and Leadership - The Essentials (short term)

- <u>Inventory all technology and information assets</u>. Identify high-value assets, **prioritize**, and deploy controls according to criticality to the organization's operations.
- <u>Deploy antivirus on servers and workstations</u> and ensure all are up-to-date
- Turn on logging for all network appliances, servers and services and implement a plan for managing logs
- Backup data regularly using secure, well-tested and accessible solutions. Know the limitations, where data resides, and how to access when primary means start to fail
- <u>Implement patch management practices</u> that can allow for patching vulnerabilities in a timely manner, (e.g., <30 days for critical vulnerabilities, <60 days for less severe vulnerabilities, etc.)
- <u>Implement strong user management practices</u>. This includes using strong password policies, least privilege practices, and using multi-factor authentication on high-value assets.



Protective Measures - 2

IT Security Professionals and Leadership - The Essentials (longer term)

- Have a plan for responding to cyber incidents and respond to cyber incidents that are reported. Periodically review and update incident response plan accordingly.
- <u>Develop and strengthen situational awareness</u> Sign up for membership with industry ISACs and leading cybersecurity centers and monitor for notifications and alerts.
- Implement innovative security awareness training as part of an incident management strategy
- <u>Implement a secure network architecture</u>. This includes ensuring properly configured network and security devices, network segmentation (or network isolation if systems are unpatchable), application and device whitelisting/blacklisting, hw/sw hardening, adoption of zero-trust models, etc.
- <u>Utilize cyber attack frameworks</u> during response and recovery of cyber attacks
- <u>Conduct internal audits and periodic cyber assessments</u> (risk-based, practice-based, and technical vulnerability assessments) in order to understand current security posture, gaps, capabilities, and operational capacities. Develop and implement mitigation plans.

Protective Measures - 3

Organizational Leaders

- Know business risks and treat cyber as a business risk, to operations and to supply chains
- Foster a culture of operational resilience and cyber readiness
- Incorporate cybersecurity as a part of business strategy, including all external relationships
- Build a network of trusted relationships with sector partners and government agencies for access to timely cyber threat information, incident reporting, and response coordination

Everyone

- Participate in security awareness training and know
- Be aware of your digital footprint and know the end-user security features available to you
- Know the data backup options available and ensure locally stored data is backed up
- Be vigilant, accountable, and report incidents and suspicious activity immediately

Post COVID Reopening Strategies

- CISA published V3.1 Guidance on Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce
- CDC published guidance for Workplaces During COVID-19
 - Should you consider reopening?
 - Are you ready to protect employees at higher risk?
 - Are recommended health/safety actions in place?
 - Is ongoing monitoring in-place?
- Teleworking guidance published on CISA website

For more information, visit https://www.cisa.gov/telework



TELEWORK GUIDANCE

Tips for video conferencing:

1. Use only approved video conferencing tools

- Don't install unapproved clients join browser-based sessions instead
- Ensure links are correct

2. Secure your meeting

- Consider attendees
- Have a plan to terminate the meeting
- Secure private meetings by password protecting and/or having a waiting room
- Control attendees

3. Secure your information

- Manage screensharing, recording, and file sharing options
- Protect sensitive information

4. Secure yourself

- Don't reveal information unintentionally
- Consider your surroundings (e.g. practice good OPSEC)
- Check and update home networks

TELEWORK GUIDANCE

CISA Telework Essentials Toolkit

https://www.cisa.gov/publication/telework-essentials-toolkit

Executive Leaders

- Review and update organizational policies and procedures
- Implement cybersecurity training requirements
- Determine cyber risks with moving organizational assets outside of the perimeter
- Foster cyber secure culture

IT Professionals

- Patching and vulnerability management with hardware and software
- Implement enterprise cybersecurity controls
- Enforce multi-factor authentication for remote employees
- Maintain and enforce a list of organizationally approved software
- Perform frequent backups
- Address risk of phishing emails by Implement Domain-Based Message Authentication Reporting and Conformance (DMARC)

Teleworkers

- Ensure home network is properly configured and hardened
- Follow secure practices and procedures for handling PII, and other sensitive information
- Use caution when opening email attachments or clicking on links
- Report suspicious activities to your organization's IT security team

https://www.cisa.gov



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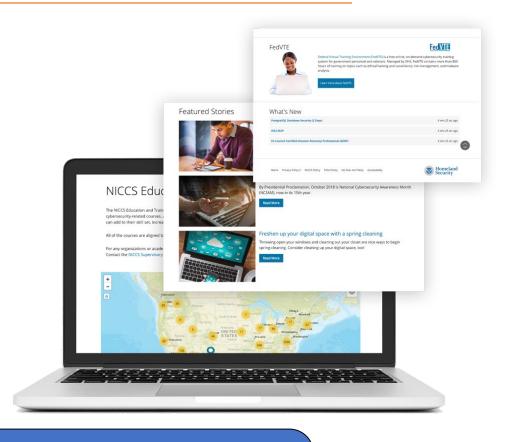


Cybersecurity Training Resources

CISA offers easily accessible education and awareness resources through the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Careers and Studies (NICCS) website.

The NICCS website includes:

- Searchable Training Catalog with 4,400 plus cyber-related courses offered by nationwide cybersecurity educators
- Interactive National Cybersecurity Workforce Framework
- Cybersecurity Program information: FedVTE, Scholarships for Service, Centers for Academic Excellence, and Cyber Competitions
- Tools and resources for cyber managers
- Upcoming cybersecurity events list





No-Cost CISA Cybersecurity Services

Preparedness Activities

- Cybersecurity Assessments
- Cybersecurity Training and Awareness
- Cyber Exercises and "Playbooks"
- Information / Threat Indicator Sharing
- National Cyber Awareness System
- Vulnerability Notes Database
- Information Products and Recommended Practices





Response Assistance

- 24/7 Response assistance and malware analysis
- Incident Coordination
- Threat intelligence and information sharing
- Cybersecurity Advisors Regionally deployed advisors
 - Incident response coordination
 - Public Private Partnership Development
 - Advisory assistance and cybersecurity assessments

CISA Contact Information

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CISA URL

https://www.cisa.gov

Call 1-888-282-0870

To Report a Cyber Incident to CISA

email <u>CISAservicedesk@cisa.dhs.gov</u> visit https://www.cisa.gov